



Bright Gold Paste for direct screen printing on glass GGP 050714 H – “washable gold” -

1 General Information

GGP 050714 H is a gold for direct screenprinting on pre-printed and pre-fired flux layers. The gold is designed that, if fired at the correct firing condition, the gold will adhere well on the flux, but overlapping gold is removable (= washable). Overlapping gold on top of the glass bottle can be rubbed off or removed in an ultrasonic bath.

With GGP 050714 H raised gold decorations even with very fine lines can be realized. The material is typically used on bottles as well as on cosmetic containers with pre-fired flux for raised effects.

2 Standard Firing Range

Substrate	Firing range
Prefired flux layer	500 – 520°C

The correct firing is important for the success “washable” gold decoration. The temperature has to be high enough for a good adhesion on top of the flux, but not too high, so that the material starts to develop also an adhesion on the glass bottle. A firing test under once own individual conditions is strongly recommended.

3 Properties of the preparations

The major characteristics of a Heraeus precious metal preparation are determined by its production recipe. From each lot produced, we take a sample and check defined characteristics.

In case of screen-printing preparations, before firing, we check the physical properties (e. g. viscosity, thixotropy) and the printing properties compared to a predefined standard. After firing under standard firing conditions, we check the gold colour shade and the adhesion on top of a flux layer. Controlling each single production lot assures the highest product quality and lot-to-lot consistency.

3.1 Processing

We supply bright precious metal preparations for direct screen printing ready to use. GGP 050714 H has a thixotropic nature, means the typical printing viscosity is reached at certain printing speed, when the thixotropy is temporarily broken. The applied material hardens instantly and assure a sharp outline of the print.

3.2 Storage

Printing pastes are subject to an ageing process. Therefore, we recommend using the material within 9 months. The material should be stored at room temperature (20°C). Cool storage – but no freezing – has a positive impact on the shelf life.

3.3 Consumption

The material consumption depends on the thickness of the applied precious metal layer. Under our conditions, the consumption is approx. 0,15 to 0,30g/100 cm².*

4 Properties of finished decorations

The properties of finished decorations are influenced by a number of factors which interact with each other: The precious metal preparation used, the flux pre-fired, application and last but not least the firing conditions. We

The statements concerning our products correspond to our current knowledge and experience. It is the obligation of the purchaser to examine the usefulness of the products in its intended use in each individual case. In order to prevent production losses the user has to test the preparations in connection with every other material being involved in the production process and has to be satisfied that the intended result can be consistently produced.

processed GGP 050714 H under defined, standard test conditions and run certain tests of the achieved precious metal decoration.

4.1 Abrasion resistance

In tests decorations created with GGP 1242D H showed a good abrasion resistance.

4.2 Oxydation resistance

GGP 050714 H does not contain silver, therefore the fired gold decoration has no risk of tarnishing.

5 Application recommendations

5.1 Preparation of the substrate to be decorated

- Make sure that the surface of the object to be decorated is clean and dry. Dust, fingerprints and water condensation can affect the decoration while firing.
- Take care that the objects to be decorated are not taken from a cold store into a warm shop. A fine condensation film may occur, which is not visible to the naked eye. This results in firing disturbance (pinholes) in the fired precious metal decoration. Allow enough time so that they can adjust to the decoration room temperature.

5.2 Application of the paste

- Work in a well-ventilated room. Good printing conditions occur at a room temperature of 20 to 25°C.
- We recommend printing GGP 050714 H with a 120-34 to 140-34T polyester screen.
- For a good printing result, it is important to have a well sharpened squeegee (hardness: 60-75° shore).

5.3 Firing

- During the first heating phase the organic components of the preparation burn off. This process is completed at approx. 400°C. The gold film is formed. A constant, slow temperature increase, enough oxygen and sufficient ventilation are decisive for the quality of the fired precious metal decoration.
- The firing profile considerably influences the mechanical and chemical properties of the fired decoration.
- The rate of cooling has no major influence on the quality of the gold decoration, unlike the firing temperature and soak time. However, the firing process should not be stopped too abruptly after the soak time. If the rate of cooling is too fast, there may be a danger of damaging the article (cracks and broken glass).

6 Typical defects, root causes and countermeasures to prevent them

Defect	Possible cause	Countermeasure
Streaks in the printed precious metal film	The squeegee is possibly scratched	Exchange or sharpen the squeegee
Squashed print	The squeegee is not sharp enough or it is worn out	Exchange or sharpen the squeegee
Spots, firing disturbance	Objects were soiled by dust, finger marks or water drops before printing	clean the object before decorating
	Problems in the kiln such as: • furnace atmosphere reduction • insufficient ventilation • too quick heat up in the critical phase between 200-400°C • too many objects in the kiln	• increase air addition • improve ventilation • reduce the heating speed • reduce the number of objects in the kiln
Fired result is blotchy or matt	Screen used is too coarse; printed layer is too thick	We recommend a 120-34 to 140-34 T polyester screen.
Blurred outline after firing (spreading or running)	Too many objects in the kiln	Reduce the number of objects in the kiln
Precious metal flakes off during firing	Printed layer was too thick.	Reduce thickness of applied film.
Fine pinholes	Moisture on the objects before decoration leads to firing faults (pinholes)	Give the ware enough time to acclimate to the temperature of the decoration shop and so a possible condensation film to evaporate
Low mechanical resistance of the precious metal decoration	Too low firing temperature	Increase the firing thickness
	The layer of the preparation is too thin	The use a 120-34 to 140-34T polyester screen contributes to a reasonable layer thickness after firing.
The overlapping gold cannot be removed (washed away)	The heatwork for the firing of the gold paste had been too high (e.g. too high firing temperature, too long firing cycle, too long soak time)	In our tests we fire GGP 050714 H at temperature of 510°C, heat up: 45 minutes, 10 minutes soak time.